

Journal of Phytopathology and Plant Health (JPPH)

A Journal of the Phytopathological Society of Nigeria

Instructions for Authors

The **Journal of Phytopathology and Plant Health (JPPH)** publishes the results of scientific research and other information relevant to plant pathology and plant health, as **articles, notes, disease reports, and special topics**, including **reviews**. **Articles** are reports of research in any field of plant pathology / plant health and must be original new contributions to science. **Notes** may be brief reports of work that is largely confirmatory, or advances in knowledge arising as by-products of broader studies, or descriptions of research techniques or developments in instrumentation. Notes should normally not be longer than 15 manuscript pages (4 printed pages). Like articles, they should have an abstract and be divided into titled sections. Results and Discussion sections may be combined. **Disease reports** are brief, previously unpublished accounts of diseases occurring on a new host or geographic region. **Special topics** are invited papers on novel topics dealing with diseases, techniques, or emerging technologies in disease control. **Reviews** are focused and of general, current interest, but they provide a somewhat more comprehensive, although not exhaustive treatment. Reviews should contain a carefully selected bibliography; they are subject to the usual editorial process (see below). Normally, observational and experimental results will be considered as inappropriate if based upon a single experiment or only one season's data. Scientific merit and originality are the two most desirable qualities of any paper. In addition, papers must be clearly and concisely written in **good English** and must be suitable for a readership interested in plant pathology and plant health. Papers will be published approximately one to two months after acceptance.

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A covering letter should formally submit the paper for publication in the Journal and should confirm compliance with the requirements given below. The cover letter should include the corresponding author's full address and telephone/fax numbers and should be in an e-mail message sent to the Editor, with the file, whose name should begin with the first author's surname, as an attachment. Authors may suggest the names of two to four potential reviewers of the manuscript who are not in a conflict of interest (JPPH may designate other reviewers). Authors are strongly encouraged to have their manuscript proofread by a colleague for grammar, style, and clarity before submission. Publication is facilitated if the authors very carefully check the symbols, abbreviations, and technical terms for accuracy, consistency, and readability. The Phytopathological Society of Nigeria maintains the right to preserve the technical quality of the Journal. The manuscript and illustrations must meet the requirements outlined below to avoid delay in publication.

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All manuscripts are reviewed by an editor and members of the Editorial Board or qualified outside reviewers. Decisions will be made as rapidly as possible, and the journal strives to return reviewers' comments to authors within 3 weeks. Members of the editorial board will re-review manuscripts that are accepted pending revision. It is the goal of the JPPH to publish manuscripts within 6 weeks after acceptance.

The manuscript

Format and organization of text

All portions of the manuscript must be typed double-spaced and all pages numbered starting from the title page.

The **title page** of the manuscript should have only the title, the authors' names with their respective affiliations (**names and addresses not separated**), and any necessary footnotes. The title must be clear, concise, and informative of the paper. When the common name of a disease appears in the title, it should be associated with the scientific name of the pathogen when possible, and the host should be specified when applicable. **Contribution numbers** from institutions should be inserted as footnotes to titles when required. The authors' addresses must be the institution(s) **where the work was done**. All authors' **present addresses**, if different, should be footnoted along with their **e-mail address** and **telephone** and **fax numbers**. **The corresponding author must be indicated in a footnote.**

Authorship recognition is reserved to individuals who were involved in the intellectual process. An author should have made a substantial contribution to the overall design and execution of experiments; therefore, all authors are considered equally responsible for the entire contents of the paper. Those who merely provided assistance such as strains or reagents, should be recognized in the Acknowledgements section.

Footnotes to the main text should be used only if unavoidable, but their use in tables is encouraged. **In the text**, footnotes should be designated by superscript Arabic numerals in serial order (for **tables**, see proper section). Each footnote should be placed at the bottom of the page where it is referred to.

An **abstract** of not more than 250 words, typed on a separate page, is required. Where possible, abbreviations should be avoided in the abstract.

Authors should provide at least 3 to 6 key words, after the abstract; these should include at least, if appropriate, the scientific name of the pathogen, with or without the common name of the disease, and the common name of the host for common crops or the scientific name for less common hosts or for more precision (e.g., species of *Triticum* or of *Brassica*).

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significance, and objective(s) of the study.

Material and methods, figures, and footnotes to tables should be written so that others can repeat or extend the work being reported.

A **Results** section should summarize the principal findings and the logic used in reaching them.

The **Discussion** should emphasize overall conclusions, making a clear distinction between those supported by the data and those that are merely suggested by them. Speculation is permissible, but should be modest. If deemed more appropriate, the

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Book

Stacey, G., and Keen, N.T. (Editors). 1996. Plant–microbe interactions. Chapman & Hall, New York.

Book chapter

Mandell, G.L., and Petri, W.A., Jr. 1996. Antimicrobial agents: penicillins, cephalosporins, and other β -lactam antibiotics. In Goodman and Gilman's. The pharmacological basis of therapeutics. 9th ed. Edited by J.G. Hardman and L.E. Limbird. McGraw Hill, New York. pp. 1073–1101.

Paper in conference proceedings

Ridout, C.J., and Brown, J.K.M. 1996. Fine-scale mapping of the avirulence gene *Avr_{a12}* in the barley pathogen *Erysiphe graminis* f. sp. *hordei*. In Proceedings of the 9th European and Mediterranean Cereal Rusts and Powdery Mildews Conference. 2–6 Sept. 1996, Lunteren, Netherlands. European and Mediterranean Cereal Rust Foundation, Wageningen. p. 66.

Software user's guide

SAS Institute Inc. 2000. SAS/STAT user's guide. Version 8.1 [computer program]. SAS Institute Inc., Cary, N.C.

Electronic citations

Jablonski, S. 1999. Online multiple congenital anomaly/mental retardation (MCA/MR) syndromes [online]. US National Library of Medicine, Medical Subject Headings Section. Available from <http://ccnrc.gc.ca/cjrs/rs3-05.html> [accessed 9 September 2005]. Please ensure that any http addresses provided in an online citation are **Functional** and that they bring the user **directly** to the document in question when possible.

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Landry, P., Thompson, D., and Perreault, J.-P. 2004. The role of viroids in gene silencing: the model case of *Peach latent mosaic viroid*. *Can. J. Plant Pathol.* 26. In press.

Wang, I.K. 1991. 6-Methylsalicylic acid polyketide synthetase: enzyme purification and gene cloning. Ph.D. thesis, University of Calgary, Calgary, Alta.

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